

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL LETTER



BOX PATENT APPLICATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed for filing is the utility patent application of <u>Silke Draber</u> for <u>METHOD FOR ASSESSING THE RELIABILITY OF TECHNICAL SYSTEMS</u>.

Also	enclosed are:
[x]	_2 sheet(s) of drawing(s);
[x]	a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and/or 365 is [x] hereby made to Appln. No. 199 10 098.5 filed in Germany on March 8, 1999; [x] in the declaration;
[]	a certified copy of the priority document;
[]	a General Authorization for Petitions for Extensions of Time and Payment of Fees;
[]	statement(s) claiming small entity status;
[]	an Assignment document;
[]	an Information Disclosure Statement; and
[x]	Other: Preliminary Amendment
[x]	An [] executed [x] unexecuted declaration of the inventor(s) [x] also is enclosed [] will follow.
[]	Please amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §§119 and/or 365 to _ filed in _ on _; the entire content of which is hereby incorporated by reference
гı	A hibliographic data entry sheet is enclosed



The state of the s

[x] The filing fee has been calculated as follows [x] and in accordance with the enclosed preliminary amendment:

		CL	AIMS	3. C.	100
	NO. OF CLAIMS		EXTRA CLAIMS	RATE	FEE
Basic Applicati	ion Fee				\$690.00 (101)
Total Claims	10	MINUS 20 =		x \$18.00 (103)	
Independent Claims	1	MINUS 3 =		x \$78.00 (102)	
If multiple dep	endent claims a	re presented, add	\$260.00 (104)		
Total Applicati	on Fee				\$ 690.00
If verified State Total Applicati	_	small entity statu	s is enclosed, s	ubtract 50% of	
Add Assignme	nt Recording F	ee of if Assignm	ent document is	enclosed	
TOTAL APPI	LICATION FE	E DUE			\$ 690.00

[]	This application is being filed without a filing fee.	Issuance of a Notice to File Missing
	Parts of Application is respectfully requested.	

- [x] A check in the amount of \$ 690.00 is enclosed for the fee due.
- [] Charge \$ _____ to Deposit Account No. 02-4800 for the fee due.
- [X] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any appropriate fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16, 1.17 and 1.21 that may be required by this paper, and to credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 02-4800. This paper is submitted in duplicate.

Please address all correspondence concerning the present application to:

Robert S. Swecker Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404.

Respectfully submitted,

BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.

Date: March 7, 2000

Robert S. Swecker Registration No. 19,885

P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404 (703) 836-6620

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Re Application Of

SILKE DRABER

Group Art Unit: Unassigned

Serial No. UNASSIGNED

Filed: March 7, 2000

For:

METHOD FOR ASSESSING THE

RELIABILITY OF TECHNICAL SYSTEMS

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claim 3, line 1, delete "one of claims 1-2", and insert --claim 1--.

Claim 6, line 1, delete "one of claims 1-5", and insert --claim 1--.

Claim 7, line 1, delete "one of claims 1-6", and insert --claim 1--.

Claim 8, line 1, delete "one of claims 1-7", and insert --claim 1--.

Claim 9, line 2, delete "one of claims 1-8", and insert --claim 1--.

REMARKS

The above amendments have been made to remove the multiple dependencies in the claims. Early and favorable action in connection with this application is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.

Robert S. Swecker

Registration No. 19,885

Post Office Box 1404 Alexandria, VA 22313-1404 Telephone: (703) 836-6620

Date: March 7, 2000

10

15

20

25

3 Q

35

DESCRIPTION

Method for assessing the reliability of technical systems

The present invention relates to the field of reliability analysis of technical systems. It proceeds from a method for quantitative estimation of the reliability of a technical system according to the preamble of claim 1.

Such a method is known from the article by T. L. "Reliability Gupta, P. Regulinski and Ϋ. Estimation: Managerial Perspectives", IEEE Transactions on Reliability, Volume R-32, pages 276-281 (1983). A method is set forth there for estimating fault-induced costs in the life cycle of a system. Various failure probability distributions are postulated for the system components, depending on the fault mechanism, and their parameters are estimated statistically or by subjective expert opinion. An improved expert estimate is achieved by specifying an upper, mean and lower estimate for the failure rate and using them to determine a beta failure rate. A unique cost distribution of the estimate is calculated for the overall system from the beta distributions modeled in such a way. However, there is a problem that subjective estimates by one or a few experts lead to corrections between different failure rates, and the systematic falsification in an of the system the prediction οf unknown wav reliability.

Moreover, it is known that for types of fault with a constant fault rate the fault frequency, that is to say the randomness of the number of faults in a time interval, can be described by a Poisson distribution (see, for example, the textbook by A. Birolini, "Qualität und Zuverlässigkeit technischer Systeme"

. . .

[Quality and Reliability of Technical Systems], Springer-Verlag Berlin (1991), page 366).

Furthermore, reliability analyses in tabular form under the terms of FMEA analysis ("Failure/Fault Modes and Effects Analysis") or FMECA ("Failure/Fault Modes, Effects and Criticality Analysis") constitute prior art. The system components are listed in rows with their possible types of failure and the calculated or estimated failure rates and the susceptability to disruption of the overall system are assessed.

The object of the present invention is to specify an improved method for estimating the reliability of a technical system. This object is achieved according to the invention by means of the features of claim 1.

The invention consists in that first types of fault with statistically known fault rates and second types 20 fault with largely unknown fault distinguished for the components of a technical system, and a lower subjective estimate being specified respectively for the latter fault rates, and first limiting probability distribution being 25 calculated for the system reliability with all the upper estimates and a second limiting probability distribution calculated being for the system reliability with all the lower estimates. approximate knowledge both of the fault rates and of the uncertainty of fault rate estimates is used to 30 specify a conservative upper and lower limit of the system reliability.

The method according to the invention largely cuts back

the influence of systematic faults on the calculation of the system reliability by treating the expert estimates as being intercorrelated.

In a first exemplary embodiment, a mean value is respectively estimated in addition for the second fault rates and used to calculate a mean probability the individual failure adding Bv distribution. probabilities and by convoluting their distributions, it is possible to specify a graphical representation of the mean, maximum and minimum system reliability for a prediction period. The graphical representation permits a simple, intuitive risk assessment for the probability of a system failure or a cost overrun owing to maintenance, standstill and repair of a technical system.

In a further exemplary embodiment, a Poisson distribution is assumed for each first type of fault, an upwardly and downwardly displaced limiting Poisson distribution is determined for a required confidence level, and a widened Poisson distribution of the first type of fault is determined by weighted summing of the three Poisson distributions.

Further embodiments, advantages and applications of the invention follow from the dependent claims and from the description now following with the aid of the figures.

25

10

By way of example:

Figure 1 shows a representation according to the invention for the predicted probability W of a downtime of less than or equal to Tdown(in hours) in the course of one year; and

Figure 2 shows a schematic representation of the calculation according to the invention of the system reliability in conjunction with an FMEA table.

35

30

Identical parts are provided with identical reference symbols in the figures.

The subject matter of the invention is a method for estimation of the reliability of quantitative technical system. A system is understood to be in general terms an arbitrary machine or system, example a turbine or a power plant, or a process for production or treatment. In this case, types of fault with associated fault rates are specified for the system components, and a probability distribution of a random variable characterizing the reliability determined for the overall system and a prescribable time interval. First fault rates are determined by statistical random samples. Second fault rates are estimated by subjective expert opinion, an upper and a lower estimate being specified in each case. According to the invention, a first limiting probability distribution is calculated with the upper estimates, and a second limiting probability distribution is calculated with the estimates. lower Preferred exemplary embodiments are specified below.

20

25

30

35

10

15

For the second fault rates, it is additionally possible to estimate a mean value in each case and to calculate a mean probability distribution with the mean values. The values presumed to be the most probable are preferably estimated as mean values. The result can be summarized and illustrated in the form of a graphical representation in accordance with Figure 1. In the figure, a failure-induced downtime Tdown during a year in hours is selected as random variable, and three probability distributions W(Tdown) 1, 2, 3 are specified for the failure-induced downtime being less than or equal to Tdown. In this case, 2 denotes a first or optimistic, and 3 a second or pessimistic, limiting probability distribution, and 1 denotes probability distribution.

The aim for the first fault rates is to determine random sample mean values and assume distribution

15

functions, and to determine from the uncertainty of each random sample mean value a width or a widening of the associated distribution function. In particular, for each first type of fault, a Poisson distribution with a nominal expectation value equal to the random sample mean value is assumed, a minimum and a maximum expectation value are calculated from a confidence level, and a widened Poisson distribution is calculated by weighted summing of the distributions with the nominal, minimum and maximum expectation values. According to the invention, confidence level 1- α and weighting factors 1-2 α , α and α are selected for the Poisson distributions with the nominal, minimum and maximum expectation values. α is typically selected in the range between 0.05 and 0.3, and in particular $\alpha=0.1$.

The model according to the invention of a widened probability distribution serves the purpose of taking 20 appropriate account of the uncertainty in the knowledge of the expectation value of the fundamental probability distribution by widening the probability distribution. A computational example is specified below for Poisson distribution. It may be assumed as known from 25 operational experience or the like that a system component has a total of n_{stat} failures during one observation period tstat. A nominal expectation value of the fundamental Poisson distribution is then given by Hnom=nstat/tstat*T, where T=time interval for the risk 30 analysis or operating period of the overall system. Using a confidence level of, for example, $1-\alpha=0.9$, a lower and upper limit of a confidence interval is calculated for the expectation value using following equations (after Koslow and Uschakow. 35 Handbuch Berechnung der zur Zuverlässigkeit Ingenieure, [Engineer's manual for calculating reliability], page 426 (1979)): Hlow=nlow/tstat *T. μ_{up}=n_{up}/t_{stat}*T, where $n_{low}=0.5*\chi^2[\alpha/2](2n_{stat})$

ᢏ:

 $n_{\rm up} = 0.5 * \chi^2 [1-\alpha/2] (2n_{\rm stat} + 2)$, where $\chi^2 [...] (...)$ denote the (tabulated) χ^2 quantiles. In a departure from a customary χ^2 distribution, the factors 2 and 0.5 are determined by the Poisson distribution. The Poisson distributions with the expectation values $\mu_{\rm low}, \mu_{\rm nom}$ and $\mu_{\rm up}$ are added to the weighting factors 0.1; 0.8 and 0.1, thus resulting in widening. According to the invention, the weighting factors for the two edge Poisson distributions are selected such that the sum of the components projecting upwards and downwards from the confidence interval (in each case, approximately half of the edge distributions) are exactly equal to the confidence level itself. The calculation of the Poisson widening is thereby largely self-consistent.

15

20

25

30

10

For a higher confidence level, the confidence interval is widened, the weighting factors for the edge widening distributions decrease, and the iş disminished. If the time interval T for the risk analysis is substantially longer than the observation time tstat, three separate maxima occur in the widened Poisson distribution. However, it is desirable to obtain a monomodal widened Poisson distribution. The edge weighting factors can be selected to be larger or smaller for this purpose, and/or the number of the Poisson distributions to be weighted can be enlarged.

Furthermore, in order to improve the prediction of the system reliability or the system risk analysis, account is taken of third types of fault whose fault rates are known a priori or with high statistical reliability, and for which an ideal Poisson distribution is assumed. The distribution functions of the first and third fault rates are convoluted, and the first and second limiting probability distributions 2, 3 and, if appropriate, a mean probability distribution 1 are calculated by adding the upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean estimates of the second fault rates. In addition, other

non-random variables relevant to the system reliability can be determined for the time interval and added to the probability distributions.

The random variable which characterizes the system reliability can be a susceptibility to faults, downtime, costs of standstill, repair and maintenance, or variables derived therefrom. The fault rates are typically failure rates of the system components.

10

Finally, there is an explanation of an application of disclosed method in conjunction with FMEA ("Failure/Fault Modes and Effects Analysis") tables, FMECA ("Failure/Fault Modes, Effects and Criticality 15 Analysis") tables, or tables derived According to the invention, first, second and third fault rates are distinguished in the tables, random sample mean values and confidence intervals specified for first fault rates, upper, lower and, if 20 appropriate, mean estimates are specified for second fault rates, and expectation values are specified for third fault rates. In particular, Poisson distributions of the first and third types of fault are calculated and convoluted with one another, and the second fault 25 rates are grouped into upper, lower and, appropriate, mean fault rates and added separately in each case.

The method is illustrated for the first types of fault in Figure 2. Widened Poisson distributions w_i are calculated 5 for each row of the FMEA or FMECA table 4 with a first type of fault and convoluted 6 to form an overall probability density distribution W, and an overall probability distribution W is determined 7 by integration. It is also possible to specify the probability distribution 1-W such that the random variable, for example the failure-induced downtime in the prescribable time interval, is greater than T_{down}.

This computing method is repeated for each group of second types of fault in order to obtain an upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean overall probability distribution W or 1-W for the system failure risk.

LIST OF DESIGNATIONS

$T_{ t down}$	Failure-induced downtime
W (T _{down})	Probability distribution for a failure-induced
	downtime ≤ T _{down}
1	Mean probability distribution
2 -	Optimistic probability distribution
3	Pessimistic probability distribution
4	FMEA table, FMECA table
5	Probability density distributions wi calculated
	by rows; widened Poisson distributions
6	Overall probability density distribution w;
	convolution of (widened) Poisson distributions
7	Overall probability distribution W

PATENT CLAIMS

- A method for quantitative estimation of 1. reliability of a technical system, types of fault with associated fault rates being specified for 5 probability system components, and a distribution of a random variable characterizing the reliability being determined for the overall system and for a prescribable time interval, first fault rates being determined by statistical random 10 samples, and second fault rates furthermore being estimated by subjective expert opinion and an upper and a lower estimate being specified in each characterized in that a first limiting probability distribution (2) is calculated with 15 upper estimates, and a second probability distribution (3) is calculated with the lower estimates.
- 20 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that
 - a) a mean, in particular a most probable, value is additionally estimated in each case for the second fault rates, and
- 25 b) a mean probability distribution (1) is calculated with the mean values.
 - The method as claimed in one of claims 1-2, characterized in that
- 30 a) random sample mean values are determined for first fault rates and distribution functions are assumed, and
 - b) a width or a widening of the associated distribution function is determined from the uncertainty of each random sample mean value.
 - 4. The method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that

- a) for each first type of fault, a Poisson distribution with a nominal expectation value equal to the random sample mean value is assumed,
- 5 b) a minimum and a maximum expectation value are calculated from a required confidence level, and
- c) a widened Poisson distribution is calculated by weighted summing of the Poisson distributions with the nominal, minimum and maximum expectation values.
 - 5. The method as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that
- a) a confidence level 1- α and weighting factors 1-2 α , α and α are selected for the Poisson distributions with the nominal, minimum and maximum expectation values, and
 - b) in particular, $\alpha=0.1$ is set.

6. The method as claimed in one of claims 1-5, characterized in that account is taken of third types of fault whose fault rates are known a priori or with high statistical reliability, and for which a Poisson distribution is assumed.

- 7. The method as claimed in one of claims 1-6, characterized in that
- a) distribution functions of the first and third
 fault rates are convoluted, and the first and
 second limiting probability distributions (2,
 3) and, if appropriate, a mean probability
 distribution (1) are calculated by adding the
 upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean
 estimates of the second fault rates, and
 - b) in particular, other non-random variables relevant to the system reliability are

25

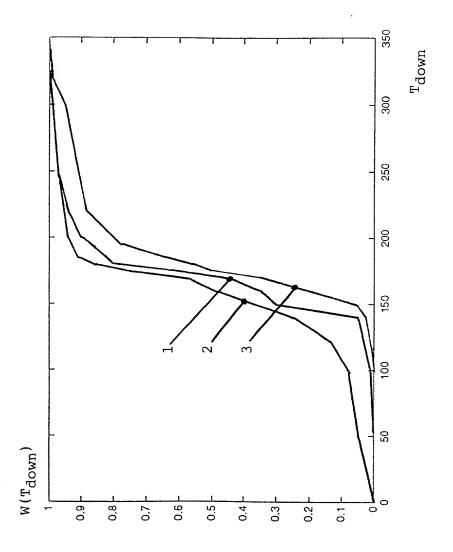
determined for the time interval and added to the probability distributions.

- 8. The method as claimed in one of claims 1-7, characterized in that
 - a) the random variable characterizing the reliability is a susceptability to faults, a downtime, costs of standstill, repair and maintenance, or variables derived therefrom, and
 - b) in particular, the fault rates are failure rates.
- 9. The application of the method in accordance with one of claims 1-8 in conjunction with FMEA tables, FMECA tables or tables (4) derived therefrom, characterized in that
 - a) first, second and third fault rates are distinguished in the tables (4),
- 20 b) random sample mean values and confidence intervals are specified for first fault rates,
 - c) upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean estimates are specified for second fault rates, and
 - d) expectation values are specified for third fault rates.
- 10. The application of the method as claimed in claim 30 9, characterized in that
 - a) Poisson distributions of the first and third types of fault are calculated and convoluted with one another, and
- b) the second fault rates are grouped into upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean fault rates and added separately in each case.

ABSTRACT

invention relates present to a method quantitative estimation of the reliability of technical system, which is useful, in particular, for complex systems with a multiplicity of components. First, second and third failure rates are distinguished for the system components. In accordance with the invention, an upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean value are in each case estimated for the largely unknown second failure rates by subjective expert opinion, and all upper, lower and, if appropriate, mean estimates are used separately to calculate optimistic and pessimistic limiting probability distribution and, if (2, 3) appropriate, a mean probability distribution (1) of the system reliability. Systematic correlations between expert estimates are thereby taken into account. For the first failure rates, mean values obtained from operational experience are determined with a confidence interval, and widened Poisson distributions are calculated. Furthermore, is possible to add to the overall probability of the system reliability the Poisson distributions of third types of fault whose failure rates are known a priori or with a high statistical reliability. The method is suitable, in particular, for use in connection with ("Failure/Fault Modes and Effects Analysis") tables (4) and FMECA ("Failure/Fault Modes, Effects and Criticality Analysis") tables (4).

(Figure 1)



11g.

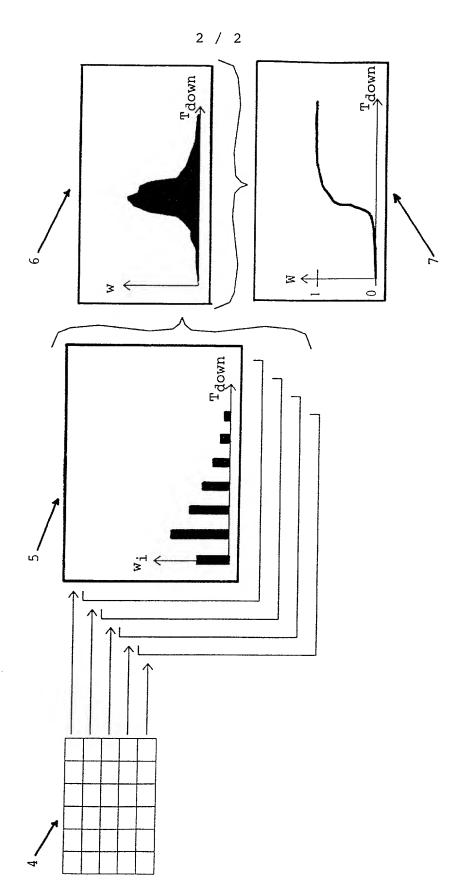


Fig. 2

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney's Docket No.

004501-349

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I BELIEVE I AM THE ORIGINAL, FIRST AND SOLE INVENTOR (if only one name is listed below) OR AN ORIGINAL, FIRST AND JOINT INVENTOR (if more than one name is listed below) OF THE SUBJECT MATTER WHICH IS CLAIMED AND FOR WHICH A PATENT IS SOUGHT ON THE INVENTION ENTITLED.

WHICH IS CLAIMED AND FOR WI	nch A i A i En i	3 3000HI ON THE INVENTION ENTILED:	
METHOD FOR ASSESSING THE RE	ELIABILITY OF T	ECHNICAL SYSTEMS	
the specification of which		-	
	(check one)	is attached hereto;	
		was filed on March 7, 2000	as
		Application No.	
		and was amended on	;
		(if applicable)	

I HAVE REVIEWED AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE-IDENTIFIED SPECIFICATION, INCLUDING THE CLAIMS, AS AMENDED BY ANY AMENDMENT REFERRED TO ABOVE;

I ACKNOWLEDGE THE DUTY TO DISCLOSE TO THE OFFICE ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO ME TO BE MATERIAL TO PATENTABILITY AS DEFINED IN TITLE 37, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, Sec. 1.56 (as amended effective March 16, 1992);

I do not know and do not believe the said invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to said application; that said invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to said application; that said invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of said application in any country foreign to the United States of America on any application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to said application;

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Sec. 119 and/or Sec. 365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate as indicated below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY	Attorney's Docket No.
	004501 240

				004501-349	
COUNTRY/INTERNA	ATIONAL	APPLICATION NUMBER		TE OF FILING ay, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED
Germany		199 10 098.5		08.03.99	YES <u>x</u> NO_
					YES_ NO_
I hereby appoint the followand Trademark Office con international applications	mected therewi	and agent(s) to prosecute said agent and to file, prosecute and to invention:	oplication a transact all	nd to transact all bus business in connection	siness in the Patent on with
William L. Mathis Robert S. Swecker Platon N. Mandros Benton S. Duffett, Jr. Norman H. Stepno Ronald L. Grudziecki Frederick G. Michaud, Jr. Alan E. Kopecki Regis E. Slutter Samuel C. Miller, III Robert G. Mukai George A. Hovanec, Jr. James A. LaBarre E. Joseph Gess	17,337 19,885 22,124 22,030 22,716 24,970 26,003 25,813 26,999 27,360 28,531 28,223 28,632 28,510	R. Danny Huntington Eric H. Weisblatt James W. Peterson Teresa Stanek Rea Robert E. Krebs William C. Rowland T. Gene Dillahunty Patrick C. Keane Bruce J. Boggs, Jr. William H. Benz Peter K. Skiff Richard J. McGrath Matthew L. Schneider Michael G. Savage	27,903 30,505 26,057 30,427 25,885 30,888 25,423 32,858 32,344 25,952 31,917 29,195 32,814 32,596		33,815 34,040 31,979 II 36,341 36,086 35,023 nessy 32,747 36,075
Address all correspondence		Robert S. Swecker BURNS, DOANE, SWE P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia			
21839					
21839 Address all telephone calls		S. Swecker			at (703) 836-6620
Address all telephone calls I hereby declare that all st and belief are believed to ments and the like so mad States Code and that such thereon.	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	S. Swecker herein of my own knowledge at ther that these statements were to by fine or imprisonment, or buttements may jeopardize the value.	made with oth, under	the knowledge that v Section 1001 of Title	nade on information willful false state-
Address all telephone calls I hereby declare that all st and belief are believed to ments and the like so mad States Code and that such thereon. FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FI	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	herein of my own knowledge a ther that these statements were by fine or imprisonment, or b	made with oth, under a idity of the	the knowledge that v Section 1001 of Title application or any pa	nade on information willful false state-
Address all telephone calls hereby declare that all st and belief are believed to nents and the like so mad states Code and that such hereon. FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FI Silke DRABER	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	herein of my own knowledge a ther that these statements were e by fine or imprisonment, or b tements may jeopardize the val	made with oth, under a idity of the	the knowledge that v Section 1001 of Title application or any pa	nade on information willful false state- e 18 of the United atent issued
Address all telephone calls thereby declare that all stand belief are believed to ments and the like so mad states Code and that such thereon. FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FINAL DRABER RESIDENCE Bonn-Bad Godesberg, Germany	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	herein of my own knowledge a ther that these statements were e by fine or imprisonment, or b tements may jeopardize the val	made with oth, under a idity of the	the knowledge that v Section 1001 of Title application or any pa	nade on information willful false state- e 18 of the United atent issued
Address all telephone calls thereby declare that all st and belief are believed to ments and the like so mad States Code and that such thereon. FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FI Silke DRABER RESIDENCE Bonn-Bad Godesberg, Germany POST OFFICE ADDRESS	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	herein of my own knowledge are ther that these statements were by fine or imprisonment, or b tements may jeopardize the val	made with oth, under a idity of the	the knowledge that vestion 1001 of Title application or any particular of the control of the con	nade on information willful false state- e 18 of the United atent issued
Address all telephone calls I hereby declare that all st and belief are believed to ments and the like so mad	atements made be true; and fur e are punishable willful false sta	herein of my own knowledge are ther that these statements were by fine or imprisonment, or bettements may jeopardize the value of Signature of Signa	made with oth, under s idity of the	the knowledge that vection 1001 of Title application or any particular of the application of of	nade on information willful false state- e 18 of the United atent issued